ANTI-FORENSICS

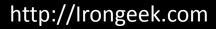
Or as I like to call it, Occult Computing Adrian Crenshaw



About Adrian

- I run Irongeek.com
- I have an interest in InfoSec education
- I don't know everything I'm just a geek with time on my hands





Why Occult Computing?

- Occult comes from the Latin word occultus (clandestine, hidden, secret), referring to "knowledge of the hidden".
- Forensic: Relating to the use of science and technology in the investigation and establishment of facts or evidence in a court of law.
- Since hiding activities is what we are doing, Occult Computing seems like a good name.
- Since people are not necessarily hiding their activities from a court of law, the term anti-forensics may not apply.
- Occult Computing sounds cooler than Anti-forensics *Cthulhu fhtagn*

http://Irongeek.com

Thanks to Wikipedia and Wiktionary for wording of definitions

What's this class about?

Why:

- Not about just hiding your stash from the Fuzz...
- Law/policy enforcement may find it useful to know how folks hide their computer activities
- Users may want to know how to hide their activities from invasive law/policy enforcement
- Companies may want to know how to clear boxes before donating them
 What:
- Mostly Windows, but most ideas are applicable to other operating systems
- Not going to cover malware analysis, nor network anti-forensics (at least not much)
- Mostly we will cover hiding tracks left on storage media

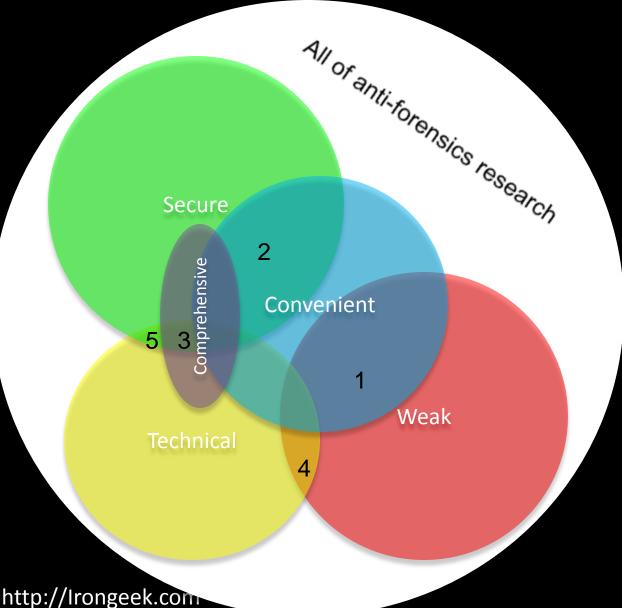


Four categories

- 1. Don't leave tracks in the first place
- 2. Selective file removal and encryption tools
- 3. Parlor Tricks
- 4. Nuke it from orbit, it's the only way to be sure



What anti-forensic techniques are likely to be seen?
Bow down before my Venn diagram of doom!!!



If it's not easy, folks won't do it. If it's not secure there's no point in doing it.

- 1. Just deleting a file
- 2. Selective file wiping and encryption
- 3. Full drive wiping and encryption
- 4. Hidden partitions
- 5. Stego

BACKGROUND INFO

Stuff that's useful to know



Interesting legal stuff IANAL

- Julie Amero <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/State of Connecticut v. Julie Amero</u> <u>http://www.securityfocus.com/columnists/434/</u>
- Sebastien Boucher
 <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_States_v._Boucher</u>
- The "Hacker Defense" <u>http://www.forensicswiki.org/wiki/Legal_issues</u> <u>http://exforensis.blogspot.com/2008/07/troljan-horse-defense.html</u>
- If the system is set to wipe data at regular intervals normally, that may be ok. Wiping data once an investigation is about to be underway will make things worse.
- Spoliation: Someone screwed up the evidence
- CSI effect <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/CSI_effect</u>
- Plausible Deniability Tool Kit (PDTK) <u>http://www.nmrc.org/pub/pdtk/</u> <u>http://www.defcon.org/html/links/dc-archives/dc-14-archive.html#weasel</u>



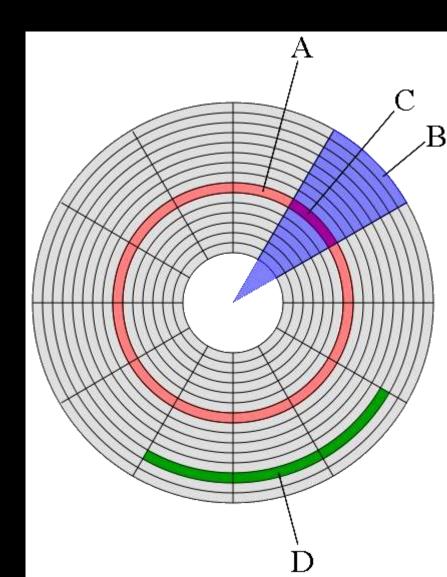
Tech Stuff

- It's hard to cover this in order.
- You need to understand some things before you understand others, but which you have to understand first is questionable.
- Windows jams data in all sorts of places, and there are tools to make this data fairly easy to recover.



Disks, Tracks, Sectors

- A. Track
- B. Geometric Sector
- C. Track Sector
- D. Cluster



Slack Space

Yum...Leftovers!!!

RAM slack (but name no longer really applies) and Residual slack

| Offset | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | В | С | D | E | F | V Q |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------------------|
| 04049E70 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 2FILE2FILE2FILE2 |
| 04049E80 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | FILE2FILE2FILE2F |
| 04049E90 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | ILE2FILE2FILE2FI |
| 04049EA0 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | LE2FILE2FILE2FIL |
| 04049EB0 | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | E2FILE2FILE2FILE |
| 04049EC0 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 2FILE2FILE2FILE2 |
| 04049ED0 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | FILE2FILE2FILE2F |
| 04049EE0 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | ILE2FILE2FILE2FI |
| 04049EF0 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | LE2FILE2FILE2FIL |
| 04049F00 | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | E2FILE2FILE2FILE |
| 04049F10 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 2FILE2FILE2FILE2 |
| 04049F20 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | FILE2FILE2FILE2F |
| 04049F30 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | ILE2FILE2FILE2FI |
| 04049F40 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | LE2FILE2FILE2FIL |
| 04049F50 | 45 | 32 | 46 | 49 | 4C | 45 | 32 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | E2FILE2 |
| 04049F60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049F70 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049F80 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049F90 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049FA0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049FB0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049FC0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049FD0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049FE0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 04049FF0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| 0404A000 | 65 | 31 | 66 | 69 | 6C | 65 | 31 | 66 | 69 | 6C | 65 | 31 | 66 | 69 | 6C | 65 | elfilelf lelfile |
| 0404A010 | 31 | 66 | 69 | 6C | 65 | 31 | 66 | 69 | 6C | 65 | 31 | 66 | 69 | 6C | 65 | 31 | lfile1file1file1 |

Hash

One way functions: Easy: md5("I am a string") = "1710528bf976601a5d203cbc289e1a76" Hard: String("1710528bf976601a5d203cbc289e1a76") = ("I am a string")

Can be used to fingerprint files, or see if they have changed http://Irongeek.com

Host-Protected Areas and Disk Configuration Overlay

- Parts of the drive that can be set a side that normal OS and BIOS functions can't see
- Possible to hide data there, but it's a pain
- Taft (he's one bad mother....) <u>http://www.vidstrom.net/stools/taft/</u>
- More info

http://www.forensicswiki.org/wiki/DCO and HPA



Forensically interesting areas in the Windows file system

- Way too many to list, but lets check some out: <u>http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/windo</u> <u>ws-forensics-registry-and-file-system-spots</u>
- Nirsoft has a lot of tools for grabbing data: <u>http://www.nirsoft.net/</u>
- Deft Linux <u>http://www.deftlinux.net/</u>



DON'T LEAVE TRACKS IN THE FIRST PLACE

PrOn mode and places data hides



Privacy mode (aka porn mode) in browsers



Firefox (Private Browsing)

- Keyboard shortcut: Ctrl+Shift+P
- Command line: No command line, but can be set on start via Tools>Options>Privacy "Use custom setting"



- IE (InPrivate)
- Keyboard shortcut: Ctrl+Shift+P
- Command line: -private
- Chrome (Incognito mode)
 - Keyboard shortcut: Ctrl+Shift+N
 - Command line: --incognito



Opera (kiosk mode)

- Ok, not quite the same thing, but maybe someone will email me a solution
- Do some research online to see how good your browser's "porn mode" really is.

Private portable browsers

- Portable Apps <u>http://portableapps.com/apps/internet</u>
- Tor Browser Bundle <u>http://www.torproject.org/easy-download.html.en</u> Firefox based, comes with Tor and Pidgin

OperaTor

<u>http://archetwist.com/opera/operator</u> Opera based, comes with Tor



Boot media

Linux:

- Knoppix
 <u>http://www.knoppix.net/</u>
- Ubuntu
 <u>http://www.ubuntu.com/</u>
- Unetbootin
 <u>http://unetbootin.sourceforge.net/</u>

And so many more... Look up the noswap option

Windows:

- Bart PE <u>http://www.nu2.nu/pebuilder/</u>
- Ultimate Boot CD for Windows
 <u>http://www.ubcd4win.com/</u>
- WinBuilder
 <u>http://winbuilder.net/</u>





SELECTIVE FILE REMOVAL AND ENCRYPTION

For those that don't want to go all the way



Links to automated selective wiping tools

- Clean After Me
 <u>http://www.nirsoft.net/utils/clean_after_me.html</u>
- CCleaner
 <u>http://www.ccleaner.com/</u>
- And many more....



Tools for selective file wiping

DD

dd if=/dev/zero of=f:\Notes.docx bs=12940 count=1 I like this Windows version: <u>http://www.chrysocome.net/dd</u>

Sdelete

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/bb897443.aspx

Eraser

http://eraser.heidi.ie/

 *nix guys, look into Shred <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shred %28Unix%29</u>



Just slack and unused space

- Eraser
- Cipher that comes with Windows as a command line EFS tool

Run once:

cipher /w:g:

Schedule script: REM at 2:00 /every:m,t,w,th,f,s,su c:\defragandcipher.bat defrag c: /f defrag c: /f defrag c: /f

Selective File Encryption

■ EFS

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Encrypting File System

- Hash insertion does not help (Pnordahl)
- Can read file names
- Best to use a SYSKEY password or boot key
- TrueCrypt

http://www.truecrypt.org/

http://sourceforge.net/projects/tcexplorer/

 FreeOTFE <u>http://www.freeotfe.org/</u>

Good encryption does not compress much



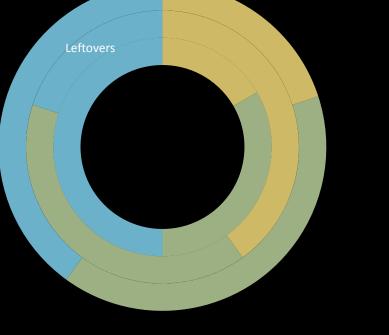
Reasons why relying on selective file wiping is not a good idea

- Windows jams data in all sorts of places, it's hard to get them all
- You got the main file, but what about the temp?
- Defrag, moving files and abandoned clusters
- USB device logs
- Page and hibernation files
- Data carving ☺



Defrag issues

- You defrag a drive
- You wipe a file on that drive
- What about the remnants of the file from before the defrag?



file 1 left overs
file 2 left overs
file 3 left overs



USB device log

- Ah, so the suspect has a camera/thumbdrive/iPod/etc
- USBDeview <u>http://www.nirsoft.net/utils/usb_devices_view.html</u>
- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Enum\ USB
- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Enum\ USBSTOR
- Search for "USBSTOR" in c:\windows\inf\setupapi.dev.log



Page file

 File used for swapping memory: pagefile.sys

Linux folks, investigate swap



Disable page file

Disable:

Control Panel->System and Security->System->Advanced System Settings->Performance->Advanced->Virtual

Memory->Change

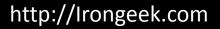
| ¥irtual Memory | | × |
|---|---|-----|
| Automatically mana Paging file size for eac Drive [Volume Label] C: E: F: | age paging file size for all drives th drive Paging File Size (MB) <u>System managed</u> None None | |
| Selected drive: Space available: C Custom size: Initial size (MB): Maximum size (MB): System managed : No paging file | C: 48526 MB | |
| Total paging file size for Minimum allowed: Recommended: Currently allocated: | 16 MB 5947 MB | cel |



Wipe page file

Set
 HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet
 \Control\Session Manager\Memory Management\
 ClearPageFileAtShutdown to 1

| 🗾 Local Group Policy Editor | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <u>File Action View H</u> elp | | | | | | | | |
| 🗢 🔿 🔀 📰 😹 🛙 🖬 | | | | | | | | |
| Local Computer Policy Me Me Computer Configuratio | Policy Metwork security: LDAP client signing requirements | Security Setting Negotiate signing | | | | | | |
| Software Settings Summer Summer Settings Summer Summer Settings Summer S | Network security: Minimum session security for NTLM SSP based (Network security: Minimum session security for NTLM SSP based (Network security: Restrict NTLM: Add remote server exceptions f Network security: Restrict NTLM: Add server exceptions in this d Network security: Restrict NTLM: Add tencoming NTLM Traffic Network security: Restrict NTLM: Audit Incoming NTLM Traffic Network security: Restrict NTLM: Audit NTLM authentication in thi Network security: Restrict NTLM: Audit NTLM authentication in this Network security: Restrict NTLM: Incoming NTLM traffic Network security: Restrict NTLM: NTLM authentication in this dom Network security: Restrict NTLM: Outgoing NTLM traffic to remot | Require 128-bit encryption Require 128-bit encryption Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined | | | | | | |
| Liser Ri Liser Ri Liser Ri Li Securit Windows F Li Network Lis Dic Key I Software R | Network security: Resolution: outgoing which dank to render Recovery console: Allow automatic administrative logon Recovery console: Allow floppy copy and access to all drives and Shutdown: Allow system to be shut down without having to log on Shutdown: Clear virtual memory pagefile System cryptography: Force strong key protection for user keys | Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Not Defined | | | | | | |
| Application Application Security Advanced, Applicy-based Q | System cryptography: Use FIPS compliant algorithms for encrypti System objects: Require case insensitivity for non-Windows subs System objects: Strengthen default permissions of internal syste | Disabled Enabled Posix | | | | | | |
| | System settings: Optional subsystems System settings: Use Certificate Rules on Windows Executables f User Account Control: Admin Approval Mode for the Built-in Admi User Account Control: Allow UIAccess applications to prompt for User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for admi | Posix Disabled Disabled Disabled Elevate without prompting | | | | | | |
| Administrative Tem | User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for stand | Prompt for credentials | | | | | | |



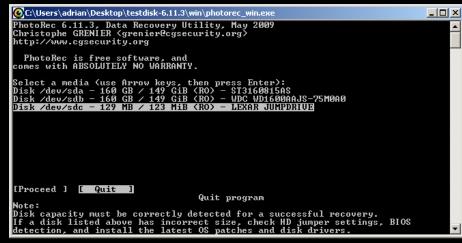
Hibernation file

 File used for storing active memory when going into hibernation mode: hiberfil.sys
 Go into power setting to disable



Data carving

Go down the drive bit by bit looking for file headers





- DiskDigger <u>http://dmitrybrant.com/diskdigger</u>
- Photorec

http://www.cgsecurity.org/wiki/PhotoRec

- Other file carving tools
 <u>http://www.forensicswiki.org/wiki/Tools:Data_Recovery#Carving</u>
- File system compression makes file carving far less reliable!

So, what is writing where?

What needs to be wiped? What is this tool doing?

Process Monitor

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/bb896645.aspx

- RegFromApp <u>http://www.nirsoft.net/utils/reg_file_from_application.html</u>
- ProcessActivityView <u>http://www.nirsoft.net/utils/process_activity_view.html</u>



PARLOR TRICKS

Maybe useful sometimes, but mostly fluff



Tool/Solution Kiddies

- Does the examiner understand the concepts, or just the tool?
- Think back to the Julie Amero case
- What is their case load like?





Timestomp

Making the chain of events hard to manage <u>http://www.metasploit.com/research/projects/antiforensics/</u>

- -m <date> M, set the "last written" time of the file
- -a <date> A, set the "last accessed" time of the file
- -c <date> C, set the "created" time of the file
- -e <date> E, set the "mft entry modified" time of the file
- -z <date> set all four attributes (MACE) of the file
- -v show the UTC (non-local time) MACE values for file

-b sets the MACE timestamps so that EnCase shows blanks -r does the same recursively , Know as the Craig option

For setting an arbitrary time recursively:
 Command:
 for /R c:\users\ %i in (*) do timestomp.exe %i -z "Monday 3/12/2099 10:00:00P1

AltDS

- Alternate data streams
 type mypr0n.jpg disney.jpg:hide
 mspaint disney.jpg:hide
- Hit or miss with file carving
- Practical Guide to Alternative Data Streams in NTFS <u>http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/altds</u>



Steganography

Hiding stuff in stuff so people don't find your stuff)

- With encryption, most times people know that some data is there, just not what it is.
- With Stego, they hopeful will not even know it's there.
- Tacked on copy /B image.jpg+putty.zip test.jpg
- Insertion

Example: Putting a file inside of a DOCX, it's just a ZIP file with some XML, just add you inserted file name into [Content_Types].xml so the DOCX does not report as corrupted.

Additive

LSB (Least Significant Bit), for example making imperceptible changes to a format that can take loss and still be useful (audio, images, video).

Vecna

http://www.uni-koblenz.de/~strauss/vecna/



Lemonwipe (rude and crude)

Not recommended from a legal standpoint, but funny.

Repeat script to feed into DD: @Echo Off

:TOP

type %1

Goto TOP

Command:

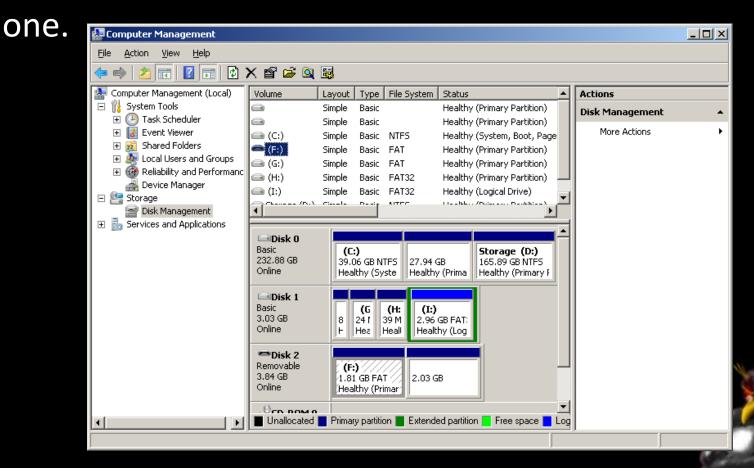
repeat.bat adrianbeer.jpg | dd of=\\.\f:

Create one big file: @Echo Off :TOP type %1 >>%2\%1 if not %errorlevel%==0 goto :error Goto TOP :error echo Exiting and deleting %2\%1 del %2\%1 exit /B -1 Command: Smack.bat image.jpg f:



Two partitions on a thumbdrive

Two partitions on a thumb drive? Windows sees



Cloud Computing?

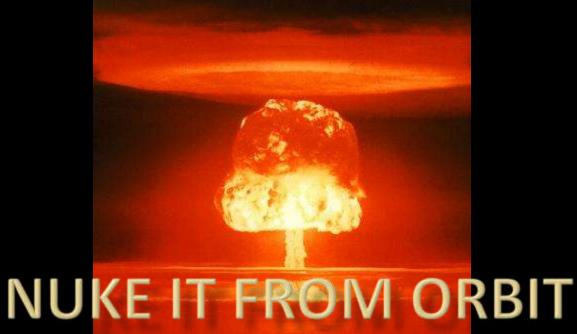
- Use the browser's privacy mode, and SSL
- □ If it's not on the drive, they can't find it on the drive
- Less 4th amendment protection?
- Find a country that does not work well with US law enforcement

Attack the forensic software?

- XSS, not just for web forms anymore <u>http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/xss-sql-and-command-inject-vectors</u>
- Breaking Forensics Software: Weaknesses in Critical Evidence Collection (Encase and Sleuth Kit)
 ISEC Partners presentation at Defcon 15 <u>http://www.defcon.org/html/links/dc-archives/dc-15-archive.html#Palmer</u>
- 42.zip = 4.5 PetaBytes
 <u>http://www.unforgettable.dk/</u>
 <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zip_bomb</u>
- Two comments on these attacks:
 - 1. If the examiner sees the data attacking him, they will know something is up.
 - 2. Do you really think it's a good idea to piss off the forensic examiner?

Thermite

- http://hackaday.com/2008/09/16/how-tothermite-based-hard-drive-anti-forensicdestruction/
- Uhm, just no.
- Destruction of evidence charges
- Fire hazard
- Just use full drive encryption
- While we are on that topic: <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bv5LHamqAsl</u>



It's the only way to be sure



Wipe Tools

- DD
 - dd if=/dev/zero of=\\.\f: --progress bs=1M dd if=/dev/zero of=\\.\Volume{de891b6a-8432-11de-86d4-005056c00008} bs=1M -progress
- DBAN <u>http://www.dban.org/</u>
- HDD Wipe Tool <u>http://hddguru.com/content/en/software/2006.04.</u> <u>13-HDD-Wipe-Tool/</u>



One wipe?

- Magnetic Force Microscopy
 http://sansforensics.wordpress.com/2009/01/15/overwriting-hard-drive-data/
- On a pristine modern drive 92% chance to recover the correct previous bit , 56% on a used drive
- Probabilities multiply, so to get one byte: .92^8=51% (more or less)

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■ For 1 Kilobyte= 2.238e-297

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http://Irongeek.com

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Enhanced Secure Erase

Not only is it faster, but it can wipe remapped blocks (bad sectors) from the G-LIST

- HDParm <u>http://ata.wiki.kernel.org/index.php/ATA_Secure_Erase</u>
- MHDD

http://hddguru.com/content/en/software/2005.10.02-MHDD/ http://hddguru.com/content/en/software/2006.02.10-Magic-Boot-Disk/

HDDErase <u>http://cmrr.ucsd.edu/people/Hughes/SecureErase.shtml</u>



Full System Drive Encryption

BitLocker

http://www.microsoft.com/windows/ windows-vista/features/bitlocker.aspx

- Built in to Windows Vista/7
- AES CBC
- Pain to setup in Vista
- Look into Bitlocker To Go to secure your USB drive
- To enable Bitlocker without TPM in Win 7, gpedit.msc > Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Windows Components > BitLocker Drive Encryption > Operating System Drives > Require Additional Authentication at Startup > Enable
- Bitlocker Modes: TPM only TPM + PIN
 TPM + PIN + USB Key
 TPM + USB Key
 USB Key

TrueCrypt <u>http://www.truecrypt.org/</u>

- Open source (for review of a lot of eyes)
- Read from other platforms
- Works on XP
- More cipher options
- Uses XTS which is better than CBC, but ask a cryptographer why
- Also, look into hardware based options <u>http://www.enovatech.net/</u>



http://lrongeek.com

Thanks <u>Doubleback</u> for the Win 7 without TPM info

How about running a VM form an encrypted volume?

- Easy to do
- I have some concern about data leaking into swap/ page file. This needs more testing.
- A few suggested tweaks:
 MemAllowAutoScaleDown = "FALSE" mainMem.useNamedFile = "FALSE"
- Use some of the page file wiping techniques mentioned before



http://Irongeek.com

Thanks to Nicholas for some input on this

Other tools

- Deft Linux <u>http://www.deftlinux.net/</u>
- FTK Imager <u>http://www.accessdata.com/downloads.html</u>
- WinHex
 <u>http://www.x-ways.net/winhex/</u>



How do I know someone had ran antiforensics software on a computer?

- No 100% positive way
- Look for files names I mentioned in this presentation
- Leftovers from the tool, for example: HKCU\Software\Sysinternals\SDelete\EulaAccepted
- □ I need to work on some tools to do this sort of detection...
- Look at the drive for large sections of all zeros/random bytes, but this could be for other reasons (Vista & < after full format, Solid-state Drives)
- Hash search of know anti-forensics tools
 HashMyFiles
 <u>http://www.nirsoft.net/utils/hash_my_files.html</u>



Change the hash of the file 🙂

- If it's just the hash, change a few bytes, preferably in strings
- Compile from source if you have it
- Use a packer

UPX

http://upx.sourceforge.net/

http://sourceforge.net/projects/upxer/files/

Shikata Gai Nai from Metasploit <u>http://www.metasploit.com</u>



Events

- Free ISSA classes
- ISSA Meeting <u>http://issa-kentuckiana.org/</u>
- Louisville Infosec
 <u>http://www.louisvilleinfosec.com/</u>
- Phreaknic/Notacon/OuterzOne <u>http://phreaknic.info</u> <u>http://notacon.org/</u> <u>http://www.outerzOne.org/</u>



Helping with the free classes

- Got old hardware you would like to donate?
- Is there a subject you would like to teach?
- Let others know about upcoming classes, and the videos of previous classes.



Thanks

- Scott Moulton
 <u>http://www.myharddrivedied.com/</u>
- Tyler "Trip" Pitchford
- Folks at Binrev and Pauldotcom
- Louisville ISSA
- John for the extra camera



QUESTIONS?

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