

802.11 WIRELESS SECURITY

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About Adrian

- ▣ I run Irongeek.com
- ▣ I have an interest in InfoSec education
- ▣ I don't know everything - I'm just a geek with time on my hands



WiFi Basics

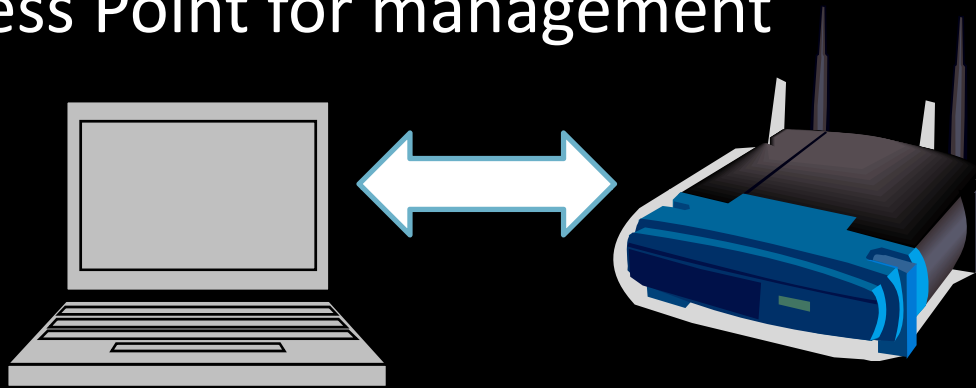
- ▣ 802.11 includes 802.11a/b/g/n
- ▣ 802.11a is in the 5 GHz band
- ▣ 802.11b/g is in the 2.4 GHz band
- ▣ 802.11n may be 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz



Infrastructure Vs. Adhoc

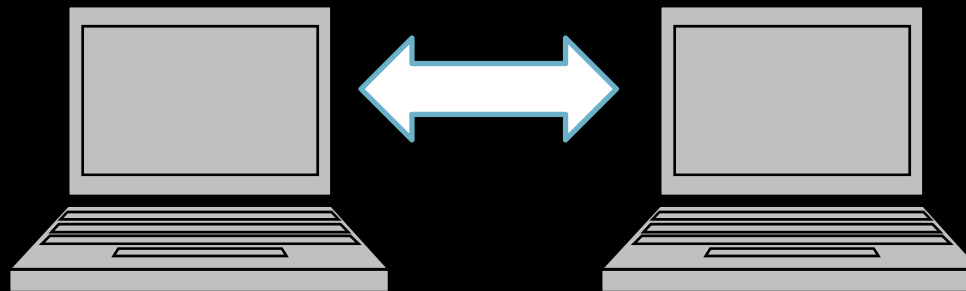
Infrastructure

- ▣ Uses and Access Point for management



Adhoc

- ▣ Is peer to peer



2.4 Channels

Channel Number	Lower Frequency MHz	Center Frequency MHz	Upper Frequency MHz
1	2 401	2 412	2 423
2	2 404	2 417	2 428
3	2 411	2 422	2 433
4	2 416	2 427	2 438
5	2 421	2 432	2 443
6	2 426	2 437	2 448
7	2 431	2 442	2 453
8	2 436	2 447	2 458
9	2 441	2 452	2 463
10	2 451	2 457	2 468
11	2 451	2 462	2 473
12	2 456	2 467	2 478
13	2 461	2 472	2 483
14	2 473	2 484	2 495



5 Ghz band?

2.4 GHz Spectrum	
Channel Number	Channel in GHz
1	2.412
2	2.417
3	2.422
4	2.427
5	2.432
6	2.437
7	2.442
8	2.447
9	2.452
10	2.457
11	2.462

2.4GHz - has 3 non-overlapping channels separated by 20MHz (1, 6 and 11). Using 40MHz channel bonding would require using two of the three available channels.

5 GHz Spectrum	
Channel Number	Channel in GHz
34	5.170
36	5.180
38	5.190
40	5.200
42	5.210
44	5.220
46	5.230
48	5.240
52	5.260
56	5.280
60	5.300
64	5.320
100	5.500
104	5.520
108	5.540
112	5.560
116	5.580
120	5.600
124	5.620
128	5.640
132	5.660
136	5.680
140	5.700
149	5.745
153	5.765
157	5.785
161	5.805
165	5.825

5GHz - has 24 non-overlapping channels separated by 20MHz. This allows up to 12 non-overlapping 40MHz channels.

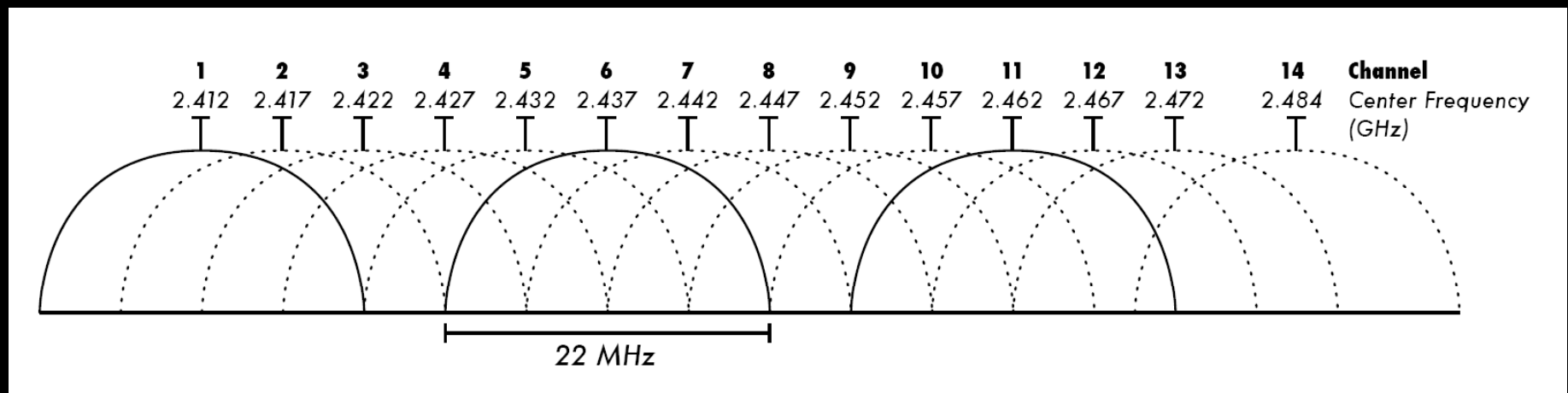
Chart from <http://www.intel.com/support/wireless/sb/CS-025343.htm>

<http://lrongeek.com>



2.4 Overlap

Want no overlap? Go with 1, 6 or 11.



Pic cribbed from Wikipedia



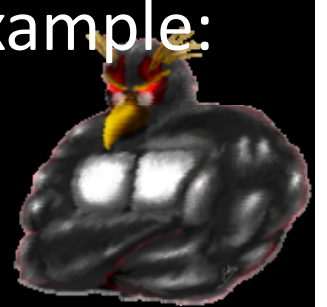
SSIDs

ESSID

- ▣ Stands for Extended Service Set identifier
- ▣ It's the network's name
- ▣ When people just say SSID, most times they mean the ESSID

BSSID

- ▣ Stands for Basic service set identifier
- ▣ It's the MAC Address of the Access Point, for example:
DEADBEEFCAFE



Valid SSIDs

- ▣ 32 characters
- ▣ Standard does not require ASCII characters
- ▣ I wonder if we can have fun with this?
- ▣ XSS or SQL injection via war driver?



Beacons and Probes

Beacons

- ▣ General come from APs saying “Hey, I’m out here!”



Hey, I’m out here and my name is MySSID

Probes

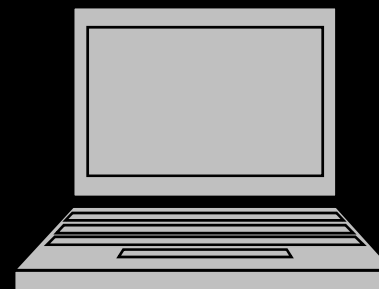
- ▣ General come from the clients asking “Hey, who is out there?” or “Is this specific SSID out there?”

Hey, is anyone out there?

Hey, is MySSID out there?

Cloaking

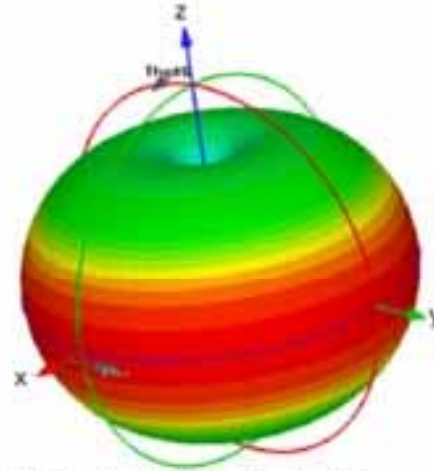
- ▣ Some APs allow you to try to hide the SSID by not responding to probes and not sending their SSID in the beacons.



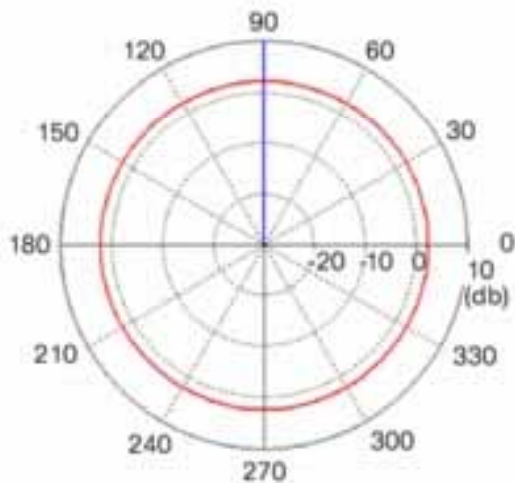
Antennas



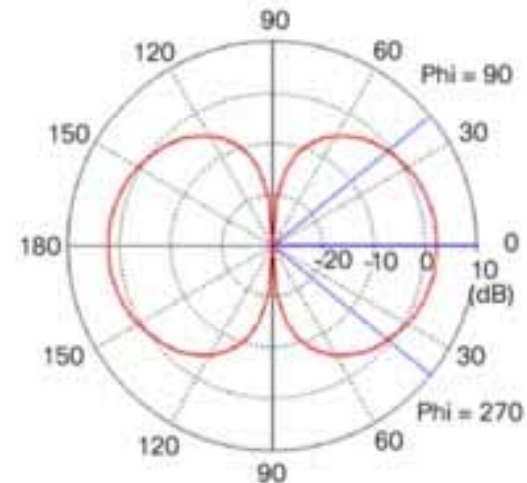
(a) Dipole Antenna Model



(b) Dipole 3D Radiation Pattern



(c) Dipole Azimuth Plane Pattern



(d) Dipole Elevation Plane Pattern

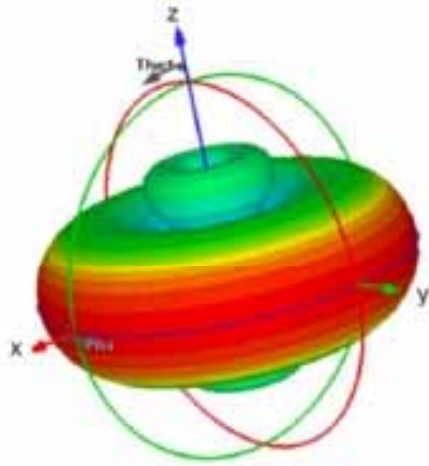
Image from:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/wireless/ps7183/ps469/prod_white_paper0900aecd806a1a3e.html

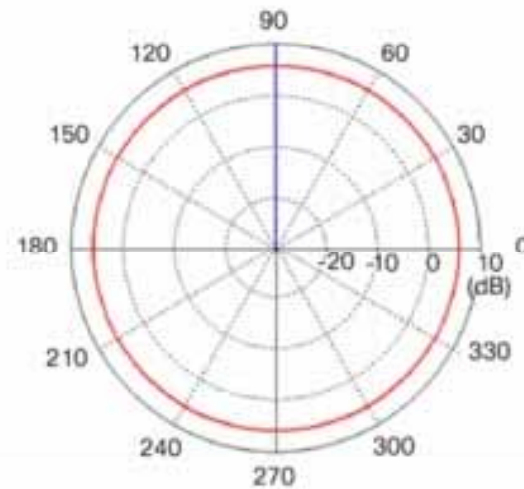
<http://Irongeek.com>



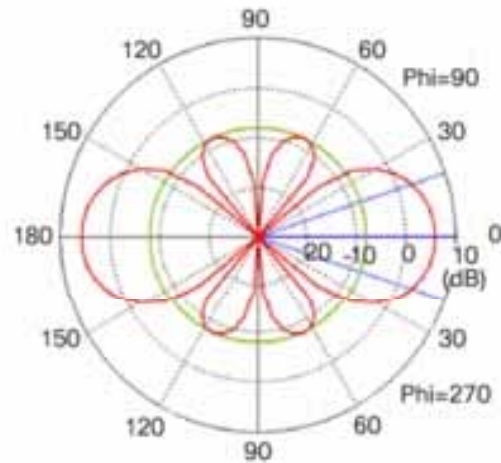
Antennas



(a) 5.8 dBi Omni 3D Pattern



(b) 5.8 dBi Omni Azimuth Plane Pattern



(c) 5.8 dBi Omni Elevation Plane Pattern

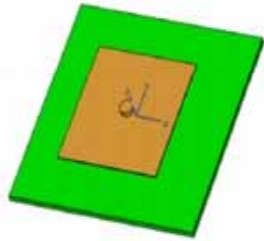
Image from:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/wireless/ps7183/ps469/prod_white_paper0900aecd806a1a3e.html

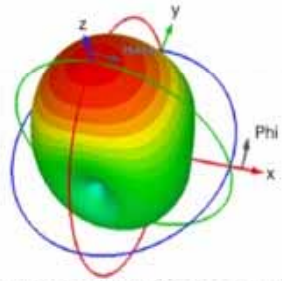
<http://Irongeek.com>



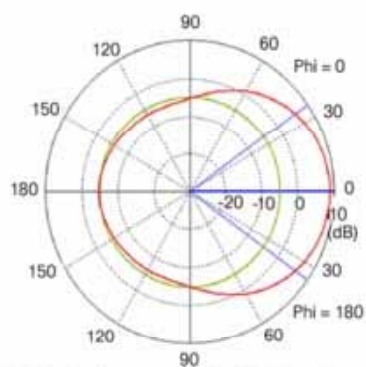
Antennas



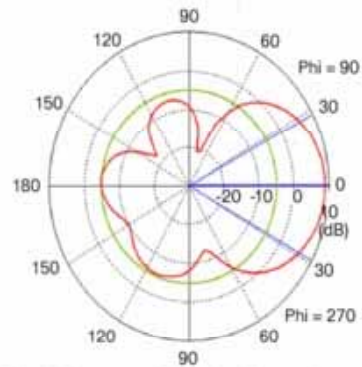
(a) Patch Antenna Model



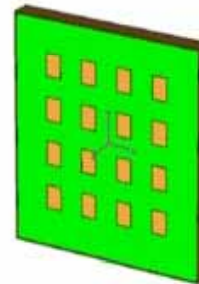
(b) Patch Antenna 3D Radiation Pattern



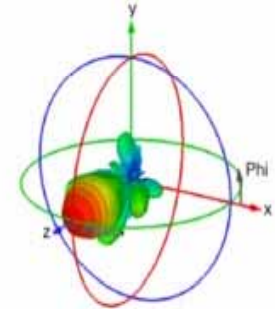
(c) Patch Antenna Azimuth Plane Pattern



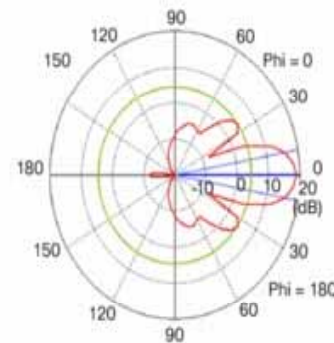
(d) Patch Antenna Elevation Plane Pattern



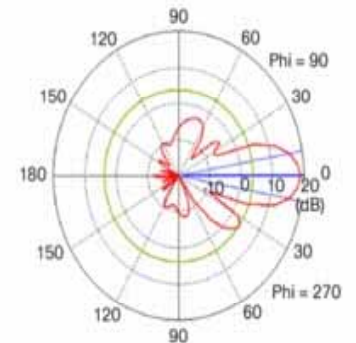
(a) 4x4 Patch Array Antenna



(b) 4x4 Patch Array 3D Radiation Pattern



(c) 4x4 Patch Array Azimuth Plane Pattern



(d) 4x4 Patch Array Elevation Plane Pattern

Image from:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/wireless/ps7183/ps469/prod_white_paper0900aecd806a1a3e.html

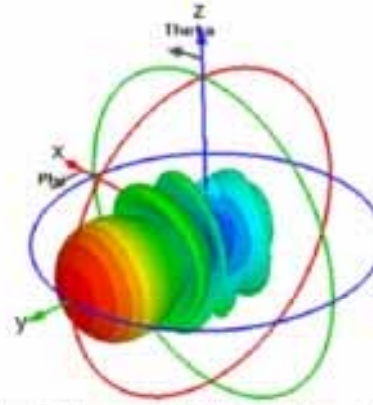
<http://Irongeek.com>



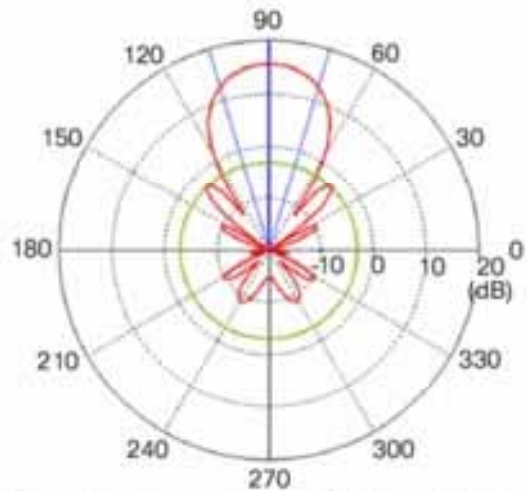
Antennas



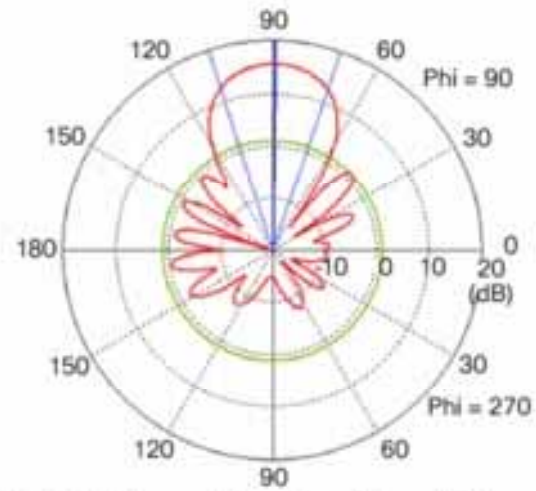
(a) Yagi Antenna Model



(b) Yagi Antenna 3D Radiation Pattern



(c) Yagi Antenna Azimuth Plane Pattern



(d) Yagi Antenna Elevation Plane Pattern

Image from:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/prod/collateral/wireless/ps7183/ps469/prod_white_paper0900aecd806a1a3e.html

<http://Irongeek.com>



What you want in a WiFi card

- ▣ USB is nice, since you can sometimes use it in VMWare
- ▣ Antenna connectors are nice
- ▣ Promiscuous mode
- ▣ Monitor mode
- ▣ Injection
- ▣ Master mode?

What I have:

RT73 Based:

<http://www.dealextreme.com/details.dx/sku.24688~r.48687660>

ZyDAS1211 Based:

<http://www.dealextreme.com/details.dx/sku.22682~r.48687660>



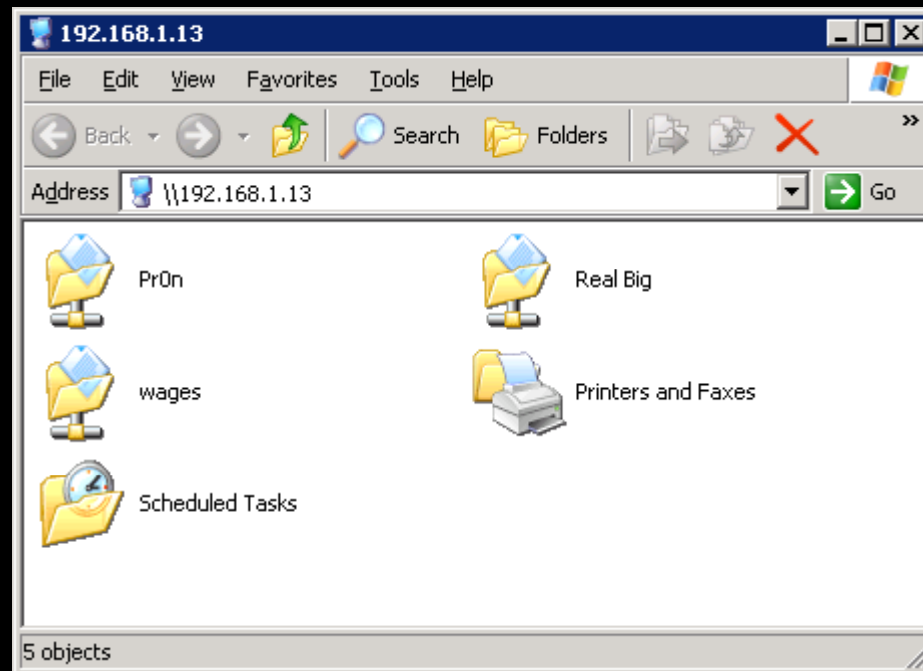
A note on chipsets

- ▣ Some cards will support monitor but not promiscuous, or vice versa
- ▣ Atheros or RaLink are pretty good (ZyDAS seems ok too)
- ▣ Vendors change chipsets between different revisions of their adapters
- ▣ Some USB adapters can be used in VMWare
- ▣ Aircrack-NG chipset list
http://www.aircrack-ng.org/doku.php?id=compatibility_drivers
- ▣ WinPCap list
<http://web.archive.org/web/20080102184219/http://www.micro-logix.com/WinPcap/Supported.asp>



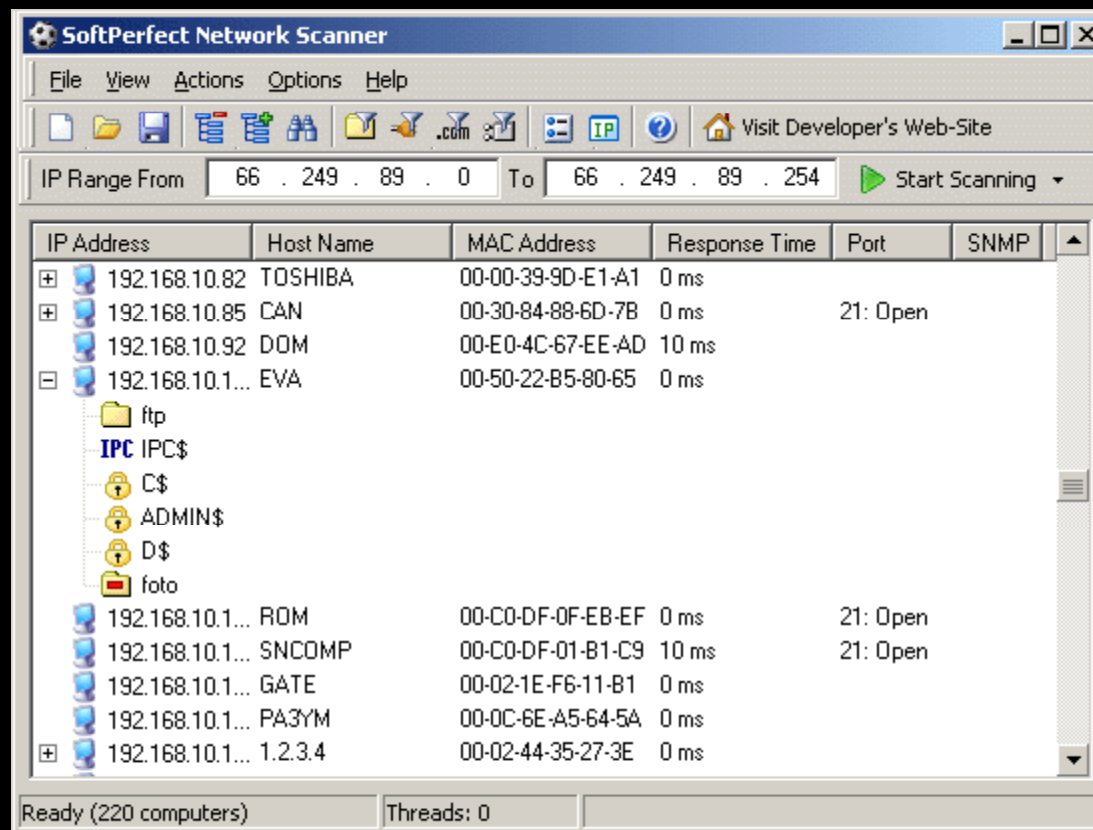
Open File Shares

- ▣ So, do you know what you're sharing?
- ▣ \\your-computer-name
(or IP)



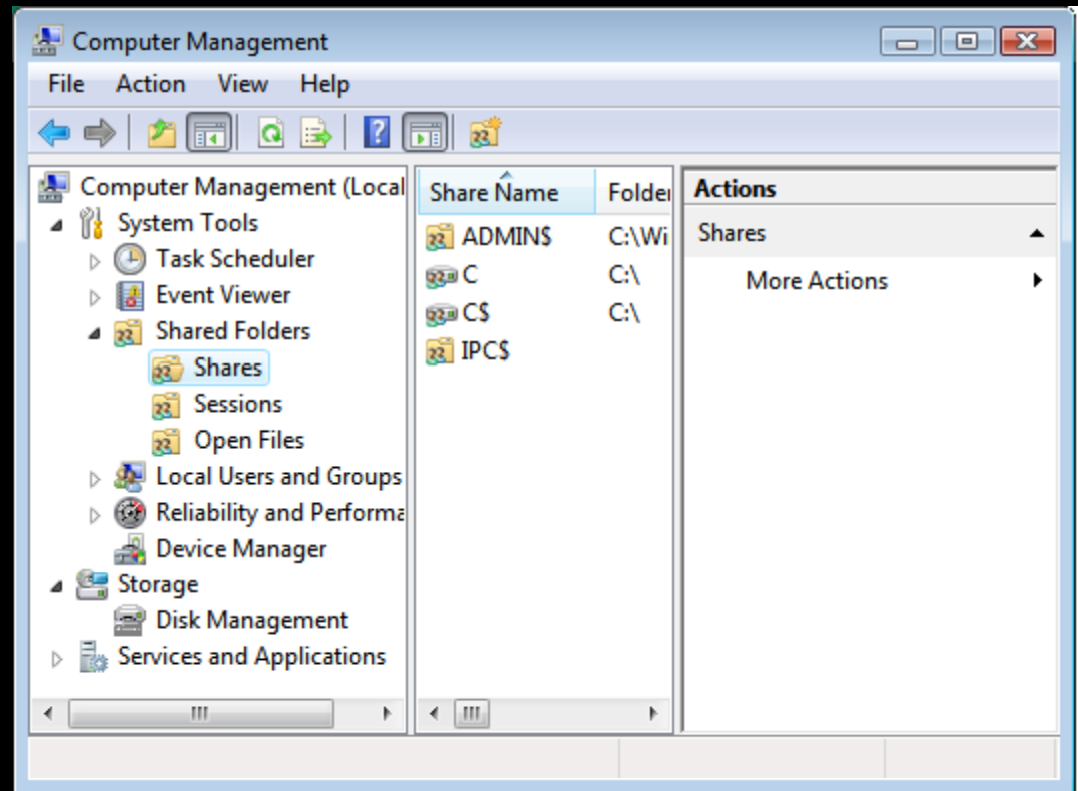
Scanning for shares

▣ Softperfect's NetScan



Change your sharing settings

❑ compmgmt.msc



- ❑ Firewall it off
- ❑ Click Start->Control Panel->Network Connections, then right click on your wireless connection, choose properties and uncheck "File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks" to disable it.



Demo Time!!!

▣ NetScan



SNIFFERS

There will be more sniffers running at a
hacker/security conference than at a
bloodhound convention



<http://Irongeek.com>



Why worry about how you smell?

- ▣ Plaintext protocols can leak passwords:
Telnet, HTTP, SMTP, SNMP, POP3, FTP, etc
- ▣ Files can be reassembled
- ▣ Private messages can be read



Promiscuous mode

- ▣ Not a network card of questionable sexual morals
- ▣ Have to be connected, won't see management frames
- ▣ Sometime it will be the only thing that gives you data, depending on the link layer
- ▣ With ARP poisoning, you may even be able to sniff data from the wired side of the LAN



Monitor mode

- ▣ Most of the time this will work:
ifconfig wlan0 down
iwconfig wlan0 mode monitor channel 9
ifconfig wlan0 up
- ▣ If you have Aircrack-NG installed:
airmon-ng <start|stop> <interface> [channel]
- ▣ Dump them packets for later perusal:
tcpdump -i wlan0 -s 0 -w montest.pcap
- ▣ If you use Windows Vista (NDIS 6) try:
Microsoft Network Monitor 3.2



Great sniffing tools

- ▣ Wireshark
good for general purpose sniffing
- ▣ Ettercap
good for password collection
- ▣ Cain
good for password collection
- ▣ Dsniff (and related snarf tools)
good for password collection and file snarfing
- ▣ NetworkMiner
good for password collection and file snarfing
- ▣ Driftnet
good for image snarfing

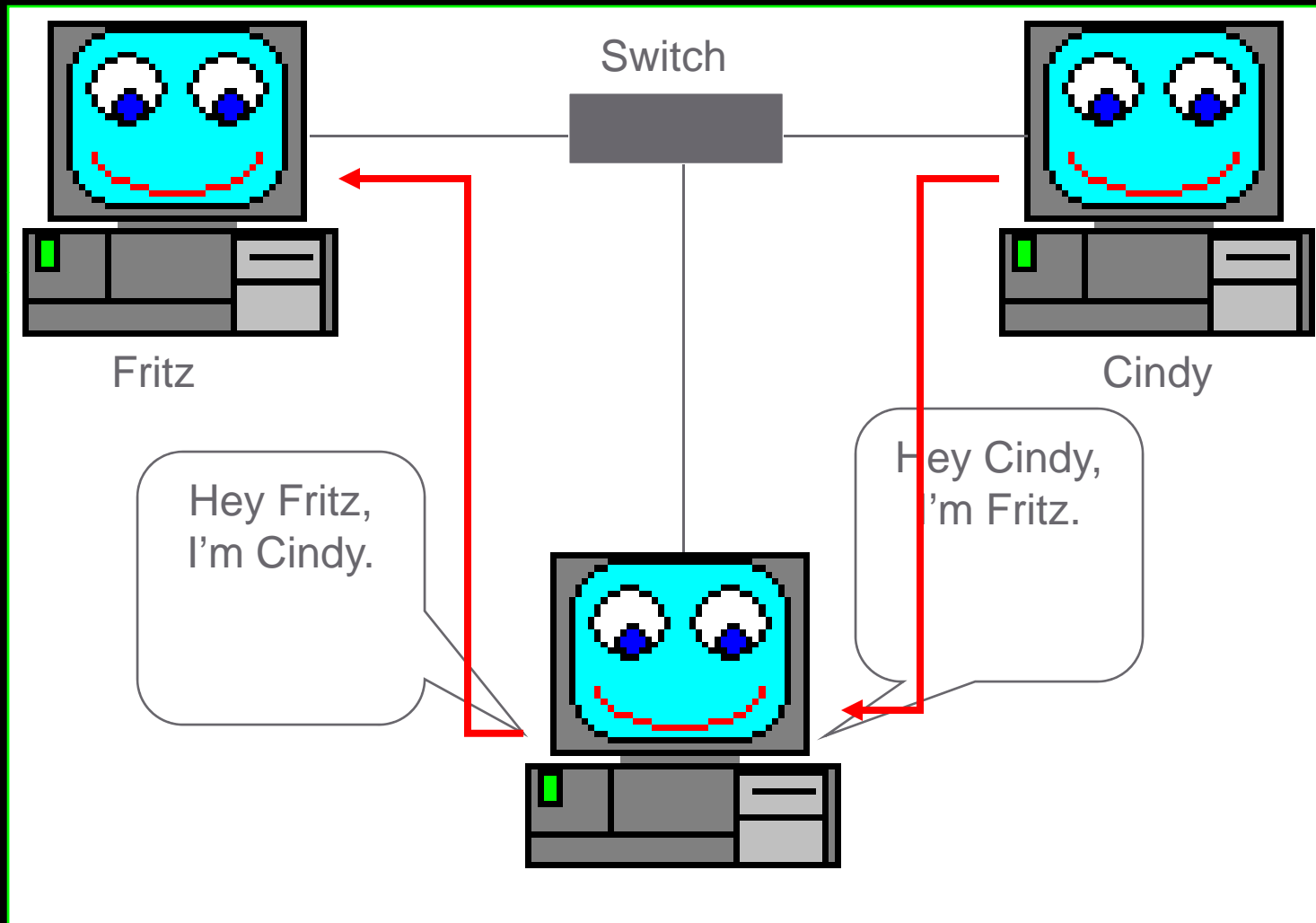


MAN IN THE MIDDLE

AKA: Monkey in the Middle



Looks a little like this



ARP Poisoning

- ▣ On the local subnet, IPs are translated to MAC addresses using ARP (Address Resolution Protocol)
- ▣ ARP queries are sent and listened for, and a table of IPs to MACs is built (arp -a)
- ▣ Pulling off a MITM (Man In The Middle) attack
- ▣ If you MITM a connection, you can proxy it and sometime get around encryption
 - SSL
 - RDP
 - WPA



Tools for MITM

- ▣ Cain
- ▣ Ettercap
- ▣ The-Middler
- ▣ SSLStrip



Signs of MITM

▣ SSL/TLS Warnings



Secure Connection Failed

192.168.1.1 uses an invalid security certificate.

The certificate is not trusted because it is self signed.
The certificate is only valid for NewMedia-NET GmbH

(Error code: sec_error_ca_cert_invalid)

- This could be a problem with the server's configuration, or it could be someone trying to impersonate the server.
- If you have connected to this server successfully in the past, the error may be temporary, and you can try again later.

[Or you can add an exception...](#)



There is a problem with this website's security certificate.

The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority.
The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.

Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.

We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.

✓ [Click here to close this webpage.](#)

✗ [Continue to this website \(not recommended\).](#)

🔍 [More information](#)

▣ Slow connections

▣ IP conflicts

▣ DecaffeinatID: A Very Simple IDS / Log Watching App / ARPWatch For Windows

<http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/decaffeinatid-simple-ids-arpwatch-for-windows>

<http://Irongeek.com>



Demo Time!!!

- ▣ Wireshark Promiscuous mode
- ▣ Cain and ARP poisoning
- ▣ Wireshark in RFMon mode
- ▣ TCPDump and wlan2eth
- ▣ NetworkMiner
- ▣ Ettercap

`etterfilter ig.filter -o ig.ef`

`ettercap -T -q -F ig.ef -M ARP /192.168.1.1/ //`

(From <http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/ettercapfilter>)

- ▣ NetworkMonitor 3.2 and mention nm2lp



WARDRIVING:FINDING ACCESS POINTS

Rogue or Otherwise



What you need to wardrive

- ▣ A WiFi Device (Laptop, PDA, Phone, Internet Tablet)



- ▣ Software to find APs



What really helps

- ▣ GPS



- ▣ Car Inverter

- ▣ Mapping software

- ▣ Different antennas



Types of Wardriving Apps

- ▣ Active (Sends probes, listens to beacons)
Examples: NetStumbler, Vistumbler, InSSIDer, WiFiFoFum
- ▣ Passive (Listens in Monitor Mode for beacons, associations)
Examples: Kismet, Kismac



Passive for the Win!!!

Probes:

- ▣ Don't have to actively probe, giving away that someone was looking
- ▣ Can find "cloaked" SSIDs if there is any association traffic
- ▣ Can pick up probes from clients

Cons:

- ▣ Pretty much, you have to use a *nix based OS



Demo Time!!!

- ▣ Netstumbler
- ▣ Vistumbler
- ▣ InSSIDer
- ▣ Kismet (new and old core)
 - And show why MAC filtering is useless
- ▣ Kismac



Changing your MAC Address

Linux:

```
ifconfig eth0 down hw ether 00:00:00:00:00:01
```

```
ifconfig eth0 up
```

Or edit

```
/etc/network/interfaces
```

Or if you want to add a package

```
macchanger eth1
```

Windows:

For some drivers, it's in the device config GUI

Or

Regedit it's entry in

```
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\  
Class\{4D36E972-E325-11CE-BFC1-08002bE10318}\
```

Or use MadMACs

<http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/madmacs-mac-spoofing>

<http://Irongeek.com>



Mapping with IGiGLE

IG WiGLE Client 0.60

ZIP:

LAT:

LONG:

Variance:
(0.01 to 0.2)

Date:
YYMMDDHHMMSS

WiGLE User:

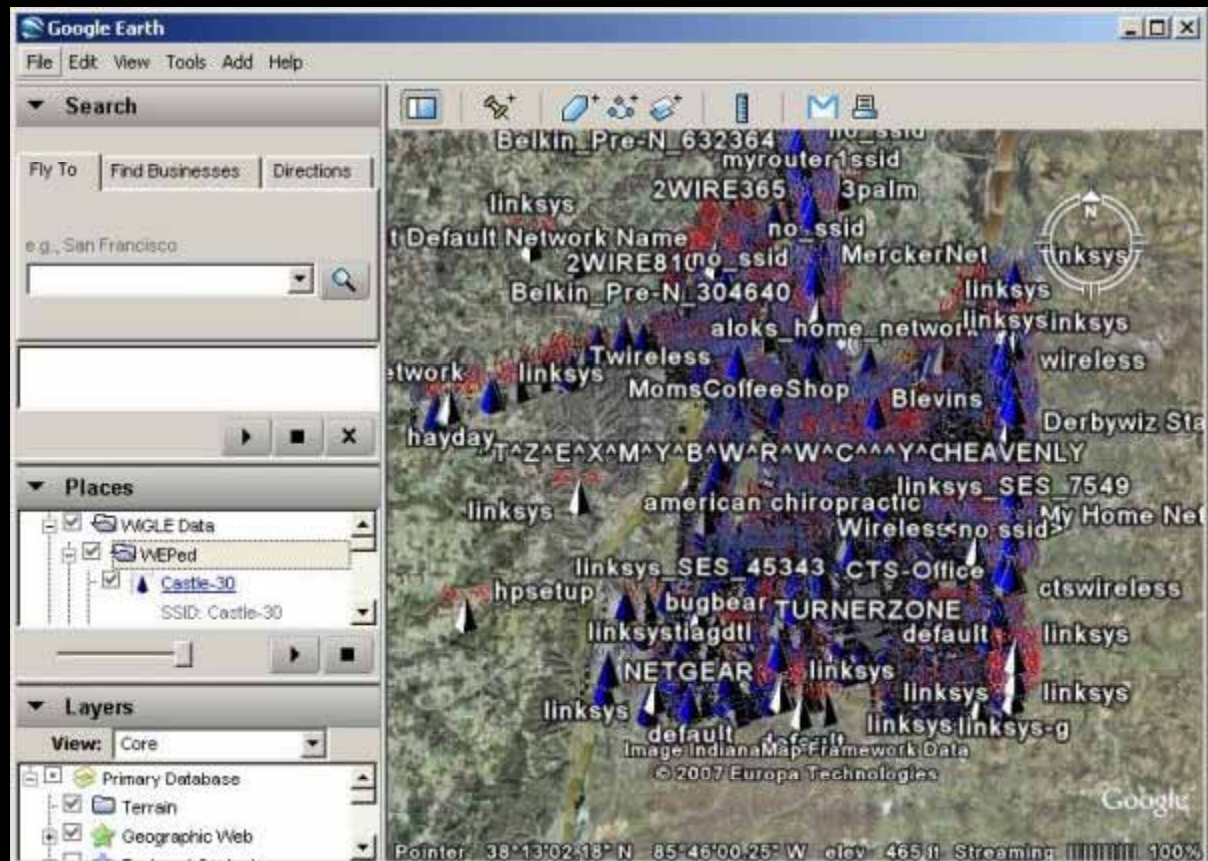
WiGLE Pass:

☒ Show Only My Points

Make KML File By Which Method?

Done. Open 47150.kml in
Google Earth

<http://irongeek.com>



<http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/igigle-wigle-wifi-to-google-earth-client-for-wardrive-mapping>

<http://irongeek.com>



Demo Time!!!

▣ IGiGLE



Finding Rouge Access Points From The Wired Side

- ▣ By MAC Address

OUI list at <http://standards.ieee.org/regauth/oui/oui.txt>

- ▣ Port numbers and banner grabbing

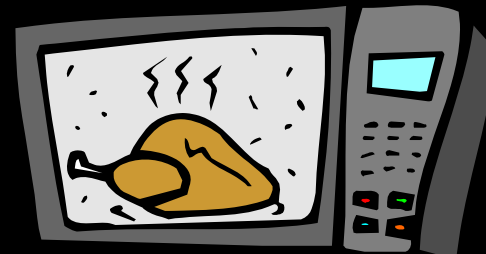
- ▣ Check out:

<http://pauldotcom.com/2008/11/discovering-rogue-access-point.html>



Denial of Service

- ▣ Not much you can do about it
- ▣ Lot's of stuff in the 2.4GHz band



- ▣ 802.11 was not designed to be robust against deliberate DoS
- ▣ Deauthentication attack time!!!



Packet Injection

- ▣ The ability to stick packets in the air, without associating
- ▣ Useful for generating extra traffic when you want to collect weak lvs to crack WEP
- ▣ Also useful for DoS attacks, or to make a client re-associate so you can sniff the SSID



Demo Time!!!

- ▣ Aireplay test and deauth with rt73:

```
iwconfig
```

```
airmon-ng start wlan0 1
```

<May have to unplug, replug>

```
airmon-ng start wlan0 1
```

```
aireplay-ng wlan0 -9 -i mon0
```

```
aireplay-ng wlan0 -0 0 -e SomeSSID
```



U3 to grab keys

- ▣ Using the autorun functionality of a U3 thumbdrive to quickly dump data off of a target box (some times a U3 Switchblade)
- ▣ In this case, I use NirSoft's WirelessKeyView to dump the WEP and WPA keys



Demo Time!!!

- ▣ U3 Switchblade/WirelessKeyView



Evil Twin Attack

- ❑ Do you know for sure who you are attaching to?
- ❑ Can use tools like Hotspotter or Karma
- ❑ Who do you auto connect to when in range?
- ❑ Mention the “AdHock worm”



Demo Jasager

- ▣ Jasager/Karma from:
<http://www.digininja.org/jasager/>
- ▣ Using the following Firmware:
<http://piranha.klashed.net>
- ▣ Hak5 forums for more details:
<http://hak5.org/forums/index.php?showforum=49>



Tunneling

Look into the following:

- ▣ VPN/Hamachi
- ▣ SSH port forwarding
- ▣ DD-WRT has built in VPN support
- ▣ Tor is not a VPN substitute , but can help with staying anonymous
- ▣ Watch out for folks “following you home” to your own network



Links to tools

BackTrack

<http://www.remote-exploit.org/backtrack.html>

SoftPerfect Network Scanner

<http://www.softperfect.com/products/networkscanner/>

Aircrack-ng

<http://www.aircrack-ng.org>

TCPDump/Libpcap

<http://www.tcpdump.org/>

Microsoft Network Monitor

<http://www.microsoft.com/DOWNLOADS/details.aspx?FamilyID=f4db40af-1e08-4a21-a26b-ec2f4dc4190d&displaylang=en>

DecaffeinatID

<http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/decaffeinatid-simple-ids-arpwatch-for-windows>

Cain

<http://www.oxid.it/cain.html>

Ettercap

<http://ettercap.sourceforge.net/>

Wireshark

<http://www.wireshark.org/>

Wlan2eth

http://www.willhackforsushi.com/?page_id=79

Nm2lp

<http://www.inguardians.com/tools/>

<http://irongeek.com>

NetworkMiner

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/networkminer/>

NetStumbler

<http://www.netstumbler.com/>

Vistumbler

<http://www.vistumbler.net/>

InSSIDer

<http://www.metageek.net/products/inssider>

Kismet

<http://www.kismetwireless.net/>

IGiGLE

<http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=security/igigle-wigle-wifi-to-google-earth-client-for-wardrive-mapping>

Google Earth

<http://earth.google.com/>

WirelessKeyView

http://www.nirsoft.net/utils/wireless_key.html

Hotspotter

http://www.remote-exploit.org/codes_hotspotter.html

Karma

<http://wirelessdefence.org/Contents/KARMAMain.htm>



Events

- ▣ Free ISSA classes
- ▣ ISSA Meeting
<http://issa-kentuckiana.org/>
- ▣ Louisville Infosec
<http://www.louisvilleinfosec.com/>
- ▣ Phreaknic/Notacon/Outerz0ne
<http://phreaknic.info>
<http://notacon.org/>
<http://www.outerz0ne.org/>



Thanks

- ▣ Brian and Jeff
<http://www.pocodoy.com/blog/>
- ▣ Joshua Wright
<http://www.willhackforsushi.com/>
[http://www.inguardians.com/pubs/Vista Wireless Power Tools-Wright.pdf](http://www.inguardians.com/pubs/Vista_Wireless_Power_Tools-Wright.pdf)
- ▣ Muts and crew for BT4
- ▣ Robin Wood
- ▣ Hak5 Crew
- ▣ Russell Butturin
- ▣ ColdSteal for the Fon
<http://www.i-trash.org>
- ▣ Kelly for getting us the room and organizing things
- ▣ Folks at Binrev and Pauldotcom
- ▣ Louisville ISSA
- ▣ Larry “metadata” Pesce
<http://pauldotcom.com>
- ▣ John for the extra camera

<http://lrongeek.com>



Helping with the free classes

- ▣ Got old hardware you would like to donate?
- ▣ Is there a subject you would like to teach?
- ▣ Let others know about upcoming classes, and the videos of previous classes.



QUESTIONS?

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